POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING





ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 200 g/kg COPPER (present as tribasic copper sulphate)



GROUP

M1

FUNGICIDE

A water dispersible granule fungicide for the control of fungal and bacterial diseases of fruit, as per Directions For Use table.



NET CONTENTS: 20KG

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CUPROFIX L'ISPERSS BORDEAUX MIXTURE FUNGICIDE

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS

DO NOT spray this product when hot conditions (>35° C) or frosts occur as damage may result.

DO NOT use this product on copper sensitive crops or varieties.

DO NOT apply when slow drying conditions prevail.

DO NOT apply to wet crops.

DO NOT apply if rain is likely before the spray is dry.

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	DILUTE SPRAYING RATE per 100L	CRITICAL COMMENTS
TREE AND VINE CROPS For Concentrate Spraying to Application Section			For Concentrate Spraying refer to Application Section	For all uses in Tree & Vine crops: Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. For concentrate spraying DO NOT use at rates greater than 5 times the dilute spraying rate.
Almonds	Leaf curl (<i>Taphrina deformans</i>)	ALL STATES	500 g	CORRECT TIMING IS CRITICAL FOR EFFECTIVE CONTROL. Apply when buds are swelling but BEFORE AND WITHIN ONE WEEK OF BUD OPENING. For a given variety the timing of bud opening will vary from year to year, depending on the weather and in any year, it will vary between varieties. Thus, the bud development of each variety in the orchard should be monitored each year to determine the correct time of application. Blocks containing more than 1 variety may need to be treated more than once, to treat each variety at the correct time. Where Leaf Curl is or is likely to be a severe problem, based on previous experience, the following program should be followed: 1. AUTUMN apply at leaf fall 2. Apply at FIRST SIGN of BUD SWELL and REPEAT ONE WEEK LATER. Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods.
Apricots	Bacterial gummosis (Pseudomonas syringae)	ALL STATES	625 g	Autumn: Apply at 3-5% leaf fall, 25-50% leaf fall and again at 90-100% leaf fall. Winter: Apply in mid-winter. Spring: Apply at first sign of bud movement.
		NSW only	500 g	Repeat application 7 to 10 days later.
		NSW, VIC, TAS, SA, WA only	312 g	Apply a week after petal fall. Repeat application 7-10 days later. These sprays control the leaf population of bacteria in mid to late spring.
	Shothole (Stigmina carpophila), Freckle (Venturia carpophila)	ALL STATES	500 g	Apply at bud swell but before the earliest sign of leaf/bud movement. Apply at least one post-harvest spray.
Avocadoes	Anthracnose (Glomerella cingulata var. minor)	ALL STATES	500 g	Spray every 4 weeks from flowering to harvest. During extended wet weather, spray every 14 days. When using as a concentrate spray apply in not less than 400 L of water/ha.
Cherries	Bacterial gummosis (Pseudomonas syringae)	ALL STATES	625 g	Autumn: Apply at 3-5% leaf fall, 25-50% leaf fall and again at 90-100% leaf fall. Winter: Apply in mid-winter. Spring: Apply at first sign of bud movement.
		NSW only	500 g	Repeat application 7 to 10 days later.
		NSW, VIC, TAS, SA, WA only	312 g	Apply a week after petal fall. Repeat application 7- 10 days later. These sprays control the leaf population of bacteria in mid to late spring.
	Shothole (Stigmina carpophila)	ALL STATES	500 g	Apply at bud swell but before the earliest sign of leaf/bud movement.
Mangoes	Anthracnose (Glomerella sp)	ALL STATES	400 g	Spray every 4 weeks from flowering to harvest. During extended weather spray every 14 days. When using a concentrate spray, do not apply in less than 300 L/ha water. Use in rotation with fungicides with a different mode of action.
	Bacterial Black Spot (Xanthomonas campestris cv mangiferaeindacae)			Apply as a preventative spray. Repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals while conditions allow infection.
Nectarines Peaches	Leaf Curl (Taphrina deformans)	ALL STATES	500 g	CORRECT TIMING IS CRITICAL FOR EFFECTIVE CONTROL. Apply when buds are swelling but BEFORE AND WITHIN ONE WEEK OF BUD OPENING. For a given variety the timing of bud opening will vary from year to year, depending on the weather and in any year, it will vary between varieties. Thus, the bud development of each variety in the orchard should be monitored each year to determine the correct time of application. Blocks containing more than 1 variety may need to be treated more than once, to treat each variety at the correct time. Where Leaf Curl is or is likely to be a severe problem, based on previous experience, the following programme should be followed: 1. AUTUMN apply at leaf fall 2. Apply at FIRST SIGN of BUD SWELL and REPEAT ONE WEEK LATER.
	Shothole (Stigmina carpophila)]		Apply at bud swell but before the earliest sign of leaf/bud movement. Do not use a concentration factor greater than 2.
Oranges	Black Spot (Guignardia citricarpai),	ALL STATES	500 g	Apply as a dilute application only. Spray at petal fall.
	Melanose (<i>Diaporthe citri</i>), Smoky Blotch (<i>Gloeodes pomigena</i>)	QLD	As above 500g + 600 mL Polyphase or Miscible oil	Apply at 50 to 75 percent petal fall.
Pears	Black spot (scab) (Venturia pirina)	ALL STATES	500 g	Spray at green tip and repeat 10 to 14 days later if conditions allow infection. If conditions allow infection i.e., extended wet weather, consult local Department Spray Charts or authorities for specific recommendations on timing, rates and precautions that may be necessary. Before applying to recently introduced varieties ascertain their tolerance of copper sprays from relevant authorities. Do not use a concentration factor greater than 2.
Plums	Shothole (Stigmina carpophila)	ALL STATES	500 g	Apply at bud swell but before the earliest sign of leaf/bud movement. Do not use a concentration factor greater than 2.
Tomatoes	Bacterial Spot (Xanthomonas campestris cv. vesicatoria)	ALL STATES	250 - 350 g	Apply at first sign of disease and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals while conditions allow infection. The shortest interval should be used when conditions are very favourable for infection during wet weather and when inoculum levels are high. These applications will reduce the spread of bacterial canker but they will not control seed or soil borne infection. Use the higher rate under high disease pressure.
	Target Spot (Alternaria solani)		350 g	Apply at the first sign of disease and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals while conditions allow infection.
Vines	Downy Mildew (<i>Plasmopara viticola</i>)	ALL STATES	250-400 g	First spray when shoots are 10 cm long and re-apply as necessary, particularly when infection levels are high. Use the lowest rate only under conditions of low disease pressure. Use the higher rate when conditions are highly favourable for infection. Leaf damage may occur on 'copper shy' varieties. Do not use a concentration factor greater than 3.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE. OR IN ANY MANNER. CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

ALL CROPS: DO NOT HARVEST FOR ONE DAY AFTER APPLICATION.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Cuprofix® Disperss Bordeaux Mixture is a dry flowable fungicide that provides a pH neutral spray mix. Before opening, carefully read Directions For Use, Precautionary Statements, Safety Directions and First Aid. This product is a protectant fungicide for the control of certain fungus and bacteria diseases in fruit

MIXING

The recommended quantity may be added directly to water in spray tank with the agitators running.

HOW TO MIX IN WATER









- 1. Never mix the product with water before pouring into the tank. Remove the sleeve
- 2. Fill 2/3 of the spray tank with water.
- 3. Turn the agitators on
- 4. Add CUPROFIX® DISPERSS directly to water in the spray tank with the agitators running.

Finish by filling the spray tank with water while the agitators are running, even if the spraying has stopped, until the application is complete. If this product is to be used in a mixture with an emulsifiable concentrate add it after making the emulsion. Keep agitating during use and agitate thoroughly after stoppage and before recommencing spraying.

Apply sufficient spray volume to wet all leaf surfaces to the point of runoff. The spray equipment should be adjusted so that the spray is evenly distributed, thoroughly covering all plant surfaces. Hand-held spraying equipment should be avoided if it could result in an excessive application of sprayed product.

Tree Crops and Grape Vines

Dilute Spraying

- Use a sprayer designed to apply high volumes of water up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed.
- · Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient water to cover the crop to the point of run-off Avoid excessive run-off
- The required water volume may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, from industry quidelines
- Add the amount of product specified in the Directions for Use table for each 100L of water. Spray to the point of run-off.
- · The required dilute spray volume will change and the sprayer set up and operation may also need to be changed as the crop grows.

Concentrate Spraying

- Use a sprayer designed and set up for concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which applies water volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop being sprayed.
- Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen water volume.
- Determine an appropriate dilute spray volume (See Dilute Spraying above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate mixing
- The mixing rate for concentrate spraying can be then calculated in the following way:

EXAMPLE ONLY

- 1. Dilute spray volume as determined above: For example, 1000 L/ha
- 2. Your chosen concentrate spray volume: For example, 250 L/ha
- 3. The concentration factor in this example is: $4 \times (i.e., 1000 \text{ L}/250 \text{ L} = 4)$
- 4. If the dilute label rate is 250 mL/100 L, then the concentrate rate becomes 4×250 , that is 1 L/100 Lof concentrate spray
- The chosen spray volume, amount of product per 100 L of water, and the sprayer set up and operation may need to be changed as the crop grows.

For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry guidelines, undertake competency training and follow industry Best Practices.

Deciduous Fruit

Apply as a dilute or up to 2 times concentrate spray. Apply with an air-blast spray calibrated to deliver the required spray volume. The equipment should be adjusted so that the spray is evenly distributed through the trees. Preferably apply using a sprayer fitted with cone nozzles. Concentrate sprays should only be applied with sprayers specifically designed for this purpose.

Apply only as a dilute spray. The spray equipment should be calibrated to deliver the required spray volume. The equipment should be adjusted so that the spray is evenly distributed through the trees.

Vines

Apply sufficient volume to wet all leaf surfaces to the point of runoff. Apply as a medium to fine spray preferably using cone nozzles. Air-blast sprayers are recommended for application to vines with very dense foliage.

FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING

GROUP M1 FUNGICIDE

Cuprofix® Disperss Bordeaux Mixture is a member of the Multi-site activity group of fungicides. For fungicide resistance management Cuprofix® Disperss Bordeaux Mixture is a Group M1 fungicide.

Some naturally occurring individual fungi resistant to Cuprofix® Disperss Bordeaux Mixture and other Group M1 fungicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any fungal population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the fungi population it these fungicides are used repeatedly. These resistant fungi will not be controlled by Cuprofix® Disperss Bordeaux Mixture and other Group M1 fungicides, thus resulting in a reduction in efficacy

Since the occurrence of resistant fungi is difficult to detect prior to use, UPL Australia Pty Ltd accepts no liability for the losses that may result from the failure of Cuprofix® Disperss Bordeaux Mixture to control resistant fungi.

This product is compatible with formulations of most commonly used fungicides, insecticides and miticides.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND THE ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight and away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilizers

Shake and empty contents into spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

SAFFTY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes, nose, throat and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid inhaling vapour or spray mist. When preparing the spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly. If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet that can be obtained from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

UPL Australia Pty Ltd accepts responsibility for the consistent quality of the product; however since the use and application of the product is beyond control, the company accepts no responsibility whatsoever for any loss, damage or other result following the use of the product whether used in accordance with directions or not; other than those mandatorily imposed by statutes, the liability is limited to the replacement of the goods and is conditional upon a claim made in writing and, where necessary, a sufficient part of the goods being returned for proper examination by the company within thirty days of sale

Additional statements required by Globally Harmonised System for classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia:

Causes serious eve damage. Harmful if inhaled. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects, Read carefully and follow all instructions, Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.

In an Emergency 24 Hour Emergency Response Service Australia 1800 033 111 International +61 3 9663 2130 Police or Fire Brigade

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APVMA Approval No: 52531/137036 ® Registered trademark of UPL Australia Pty Ltd

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